

Act on Axial SpA Primary Care Presentation





NHS Norfolk and Norwich University Hospitals

Campaign fully funded by UCB

Inspired by patients. Driven by science.

NASS

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• Our Purpose

-To transform the diagnosis, treatment and care of people with axial SpA so everyone can live well with it.

• Our Cause

-Axial SpA is an inflammatory condition of the spine and joints. It works silently, leaving people in increasing pain and exhaustion.

• What we do

-We campaign to transform diagnosis and treatment. We provide support to empower people living with the condition.

NASS

- Helpline
- Website
- Branches







Discover the importance of exercise in managing axial SpA (AS)

Read more >



Living with AS

Help and advice on working, travelling, pregnancy and driving

Read more >



Medication

Find out what medications are used to manage your axial SpA (AS)

Read more >









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Axial SpA

Your SpAce

https://nass.co.uk/about-as/your-space

New online programme for people with axial SpA to:

- Learn more about their condition
- Discover new ways to manage their symptoms
- Meet other people with axial SpA

Consists of:

- Short videos sharing information and lived experiences
- Downloadable resources to create a personalised toolkit
- Free monthly online meetups

Free to access on the NASS website from 10:30 Thurs 30 March 2023

Order free promo packs (postcards to hand to patients and A4 posters) https://nass.co.uk/homepage/health-professionals/resources-for-your-patients/guides-to-living-with-axial-spa-as/ www.actonaxialspa.com





Where to find resources

- Act on Axial SpA <u>www.actonaxialspa.com</u>
- NASS resources for patients <u>https://nass.co.uk/resources/</u>
- NASS helpline for patients 02087 411 515 and asknass@nass.co.uk
- NASS guidebooks order <u>https://nass.co.uk/homepage/health-professionals/resources-for-your-patients/guides-to-living-with-axial-spa-as/</u>
- NICE <u>https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng65</u>
- ASAS/EULAR updated guidelines

https://ard.bmj.com/content/early/2022/10/21/ard-2022-223296



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What is Axial Spondyloarthritis (Axial SpA)? Umbrella term for inflammatory arthritis affecting spine and

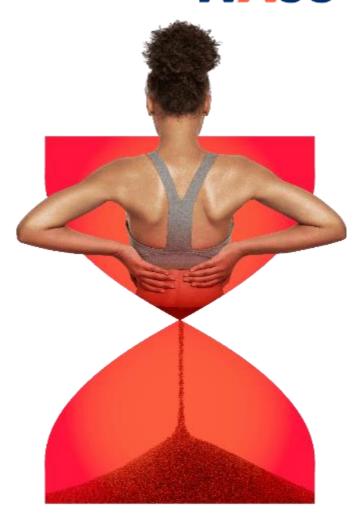
 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) radiographic Axial SpA

- Changes to the sacroiliac joints seen in x-ray

- Non radiographic Axial SpA (nr-AxSpA)
 - -X-ray changes not present
 - Inflammation is visible on MRI
 - Person has a range of other symptoms

Sacroiliac joints.







Axial SpA what are the key characteristics?

• Inflammatory pain

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- Functional impairment
- Onset typically starts late teens early 20's (average age 26yrs)
- Can have lifelong impact and long term implications if left untreated
- Diagnosis is difficult and often delayed

Back pain? Don't wait until it's too late.

Check the symptoms. It could be axial SpA. See your GP.

Get axial SpA diagnosed. Find out more at actonaxialspa.com

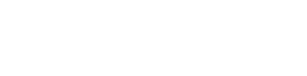
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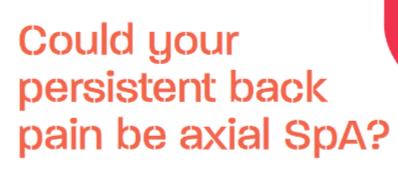
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Axial SpA what are the key characteristics?

- Inflammation occurs where tendon attaches to bone
- Inflammation is followed by some wearing away at the site of attachment
- As inflammation reduces, healing takes place and new bone develops
- Movement becomes restricted when bone replaces elastic tissue of ligaments or tendons
- Repetition of this process can cause vertebrae to fuse



Serious and irreversible damage can be done with each passing year. See your GP.

Get axial SpA diagnosed. Find out more at actonaxialspa.com



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Compaign fully funded by UCB.











Axial SpA what are the key symptoms?

Inflammatory arthritis effecting spine and Sacroiliac joints.

- 1. Back pain started before the age of 40
- 2. Back pain developed slowly
- 3. Chronic back pain lasting greater than 3 months
- 4. Back stiffness upon waking
- 5. Back pain improves with exercise / movement
- 6. Back pain worse with rest
- 7. Alternating buttock pain
- 8. Regular waking at night

Symptoms starting slowly Pain in the lower back Improves with movement Night time waking Early onset (under 40)

Complete the NASS symptom checker*: <u>Symptom checker</u>

*Sieper J, van der Heijde D, Landewe R, Brandt J, Burgos-Vagas R, Collantes-Estevez E, et al. New criteria for inflammatory back pain in patients with chronic back pain: a real patient exercise by experts from the Assessment of SpondyloArthritis international Society (ASAS). Annals of the rheumatic diseases. 2009;68(6):784-8.

Rudwaleit M, Metter A, Listing J, Sieper J, Braun J. Inflammatory back pain in ankylosing spondylitis: a reassessment of the clinical history for application as classification and diagnostic criteria. Arthritis Rheum. 2006;54(2):569-78.



Calin A, Porta J, Fries JF, Schurman DJ. Clinical history as a screening test for ankylosing spondylitis. JAMA. 1977;237(24):2613-4





Extra-musculoskeletal manifestations (EMM) of axial SpA?

Extra-musculoskeletal manifestations (EMMs) are common, important features of axial spondyloarthritis (axial SpA).

The most prevalent being –

- acute anterior uveitis (AAU),
- inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) and
- psoriasis.

Other EMMs are:

- Enthesitis
- Dactylitis



act on Axial SpA

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Axial SpA key statistics

- 1 in 200 of the adult population in the UK have axial SpA (AS). That's twice as many as multiple sclerosis and Parkinson's disease.
- Onset typically starts late teens early 20's (average age 26yrs)
- 8.5 years average time to diagnosis in the UK, from symptom onset.
- 59% of people with axial SpA report experiencing mental health problems compared to 25% of those with musculoskeletal conditions overall.
- Affects the same number of females and males.
- 85-90% of people with axial SpA carry the HLA-B27 gene
- 91% of the UK population have never heard of axial SpA

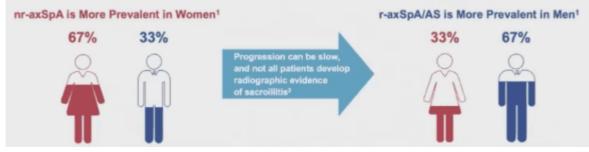






Gender in axial SpA

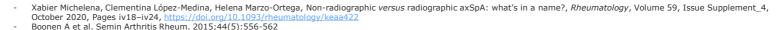
Axial SpA affects both women and men from a young age. It is no longer seen as a male disease. Females have a 2 year longer time to diagnosis around the world.



- Men with axial SpA show a higher rate of radiological progression compared with women.
- Non-radiographic axial SpA (nr-axSpA) is more prevalent in women. (67% vs 33%)

Rudwaleit M and Sieper J. Nat Rev Rheumatol. 2012;8(5):262-266

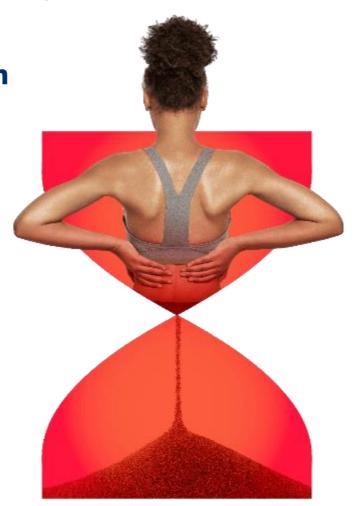
- Ankylosing Spondylitis or radiographic axial SpA is more prevalent in men. (67% vs 33%)
- Women with axial SpA have, in general, higher disease activity scores (higher BASDAI, lower ASQoL, lower BASMI)
- Women with axial SpA also have more peripheral manifestations compared to males (enthesitis, IBD, Psoriasis and Peripheral Arthritis)



Key signs to consider when women present in primary care

Presentation in women is often less likely to be in line with the traditional symptoms of axial SpA and requires a more holistic assessment.

- Women present differently to men.
- Where men meet modified New York (NY) criteria more often, women have greater subjective disease activity.
- Women are more likely to wide spread pain.
- Women have more functional impairment, despite less damage.
- Women more often have non-radiographic axial SpA with negative imaging.
- Women are more likely to have extra musculoskeletal manifestations such as enthesitis, IBD, Psoriasis.
- Women are more likely to have a lower CRP inflammatory markers and a higher incidence of negative HLA-B27





What are the treatments for axial SpA?

- Exercise
- NSAIDs
- bDMARDS
 - –Anti TNFi
 - -IL17i
 - –JAKi













What is the Act on axial SpA campaign?

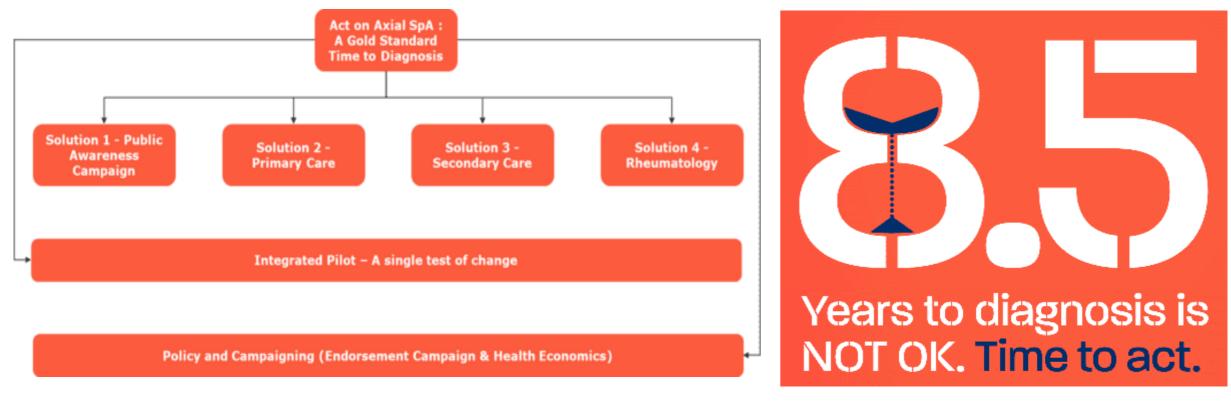
Act on Axial SpA is our vehicle for delivering our Gold Standard ambitions.





What is the Act on axial SpA campaign?

Achieving a Gold Standard Time to Diagnosis – Improve time from symptom onset to diagnosis to a maximum of 12 months

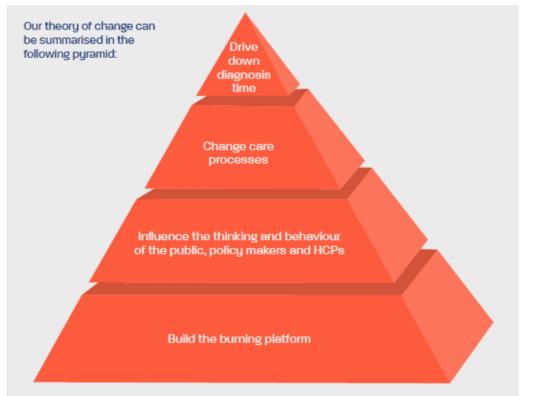


Our Act on Axial SpA theory of change



The Act on axial SpA campaign is designed around:

1. A theory of change on how to create system-wide change



2. The patient journey from symptom onset to diagnosis

Follow the person, from symptom onset to diagnosis in rheumatology

Help the person with inflammatory back pain to recognise that it might be axial SpA	Ensure swift identification and referral in primary care	Ensure direct referral from secondary care to rheumatology	Ensure timely assessment and appropriate imaging within rheumatology
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Making the case in Parliament

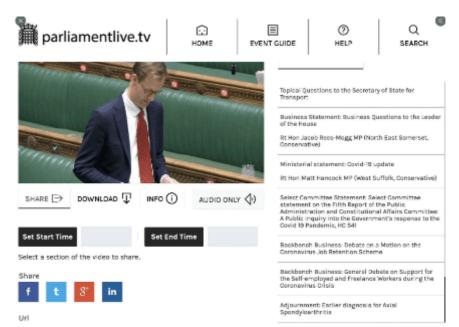




All-Party Parliamentary Group for Axial Spondyloarthritis

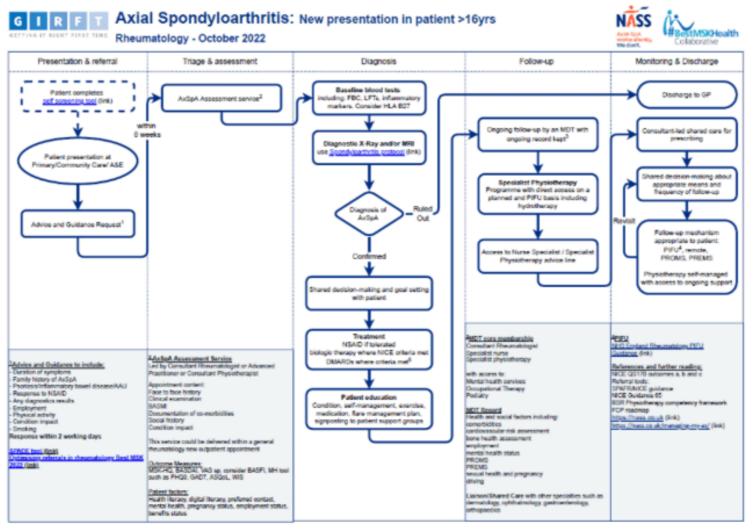
Reducing the delay to diagnosis and improving services in axial SpA







Best MSK / GIRFT axial Spondyloarthritis pathway (England only)







Catalysing change with our health care ambassadors

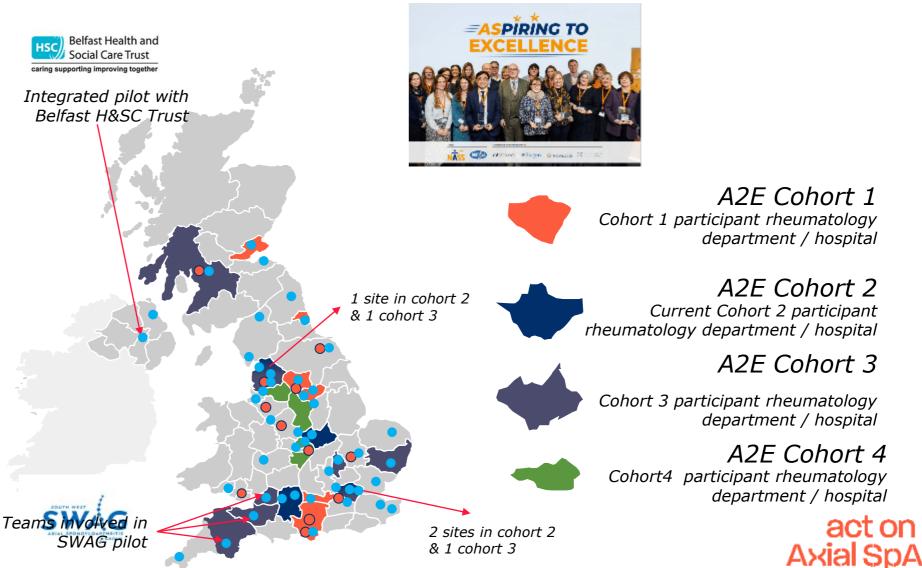
Champions in Primary Care

Location of appointments for Champions in Primary Care programme



Time to diagnosis audit teams

Location of departments who have submitted pts to audit



www.actonaxialspa.com

Our new Champions in Primary Care



- Shining a light on the issues facing achieving timely diagnosis in axial SpA
- Championing change and drives improvement in axial SpA care
- Sharing the story of change to showcase best practice improvements in axial SpA
- Spreading learning across healthcare systems to help other adopt change





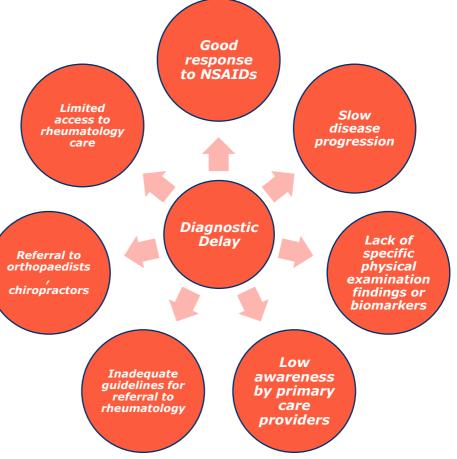
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Primary care – Barriers for diagnosis of Axial SpA

- Lack of awareness about the disease amongst primary care workforce
- Non-specific findings on physical examination
- Diagnostic delay M-5.5 and F-8.8 NEIA
- Lack of set diagnostic criteria
- Lack of biomarkers for diagnosis
- Lack of streamlined rheumatology pathways

Marina N et al 2020, Recognizing Axial Spondylarthritis: A Guide for Primary Care, A review, Mayo clinic Crossfield S et al Changes in ankylosing spondylitis incidence, prevalence and time to diagnosis over two decades, BMJ, RMD open, Vol7,3

Russell M et al 2021, Diagnostic delay is common for patients with axial spondylarthritis: results from the National Early Inflammatory Arthritis Audit British Journal of Rheumatology , 61, 2



Marina N et al 2020, Recognizing Axial Spondylarthritis: A Guide for Primary Care, A review, Mayo clinic

Champions' proposals to reduce diagnostic delay





- Create awareness of Axial SpA in primary care via education/learning modules
- Improve identification and screening in primary care
- Use of screening tools (SPADE/PRIMIS), guidelines (NICE/ASAS) and templates (ARDENS) to maximize the efficacy of patient consultations
- Improve referral pathways to Rheumatology
- Improve patient awareness / education and patient management in primary care
- Utilisation of best MSK practice guidelines for identification and referrals

How to find out more



• Go to <u>www.actonaxialspa.com</u> and read our first Act on Axial SpA campaign impact report.





Resources for primary care HCPs

- <u>NICE Guideline NG65</u>
- GIRFT / BEST MSK pathway
- Ardens MSK Template
- <u>SPADE Tool</u> (1)
- Accurx Floreys
- Primis Pop up Tool
- <u>ASAS / EULAR guidance</u>



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NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

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G I R F T

Spondyloarthritis Diagnosis Evaluation Tool

eular

PRIMIS

EUROPEAN ALLIANCE OF ASSOCIATIONS FOR RHEUMATOLOGY

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Axial SpA



SPADE tool <u>www.spadetool.co.uk</u>

Developed by Dr Raj Sengupta and Team

- Inflammatory type back pain
- Heel pain (enthesitis)
- Peripheral arthritis
- Dactylitis
- Iritis or anterior uveitis
- Psoriasis

- Positive family history of axial SpA, reactive arthritis, psoriasis, IBD or anterior uveitis
- Good response to NSAIDs
- Raised acute-phase reactants (CRP/ESR)
- HLAB27
- Sacroiliitis shown by MRI

Defi			100
Dell	of axial SpA	definitive diagnosis	90
diagn	f axial SpA	probable diagnosis	80
Axia		/	70
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very l			40
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Definitive diagnosis of Axial SpA

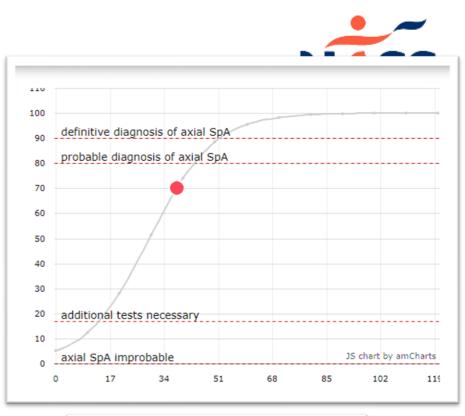
This patient is very likely to have Axial SpA assessment by a rheumatologist is recommended



Spondyloarthritis Diagnosis Evaluation Tool

www.spadetool.co.uk

In	your patient with chronic back pain, tick all the symp apply to determine the likelihood of axial spondyloa	
	Inflammatory type of back pain	
	Heel pain (enthesitis)	0
	Peripheral arthritis	0
	Dactylitis	0
	Iritis or anterior uveitis	0
	Psoriasis	0
	IBD (Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis)	0
	Positive family history of axial SpA, reactive arthritis, psoriasis, IBD or anterior uveitis	0
	Good response to NSAIDs	0
	Raised acute-phase reactants (CRP/ESR)	0
	HLAB27	0
	Sacroiliitis shown by MRI	0
	SHOW RESULTS	



Additional tests

necessary

This patient may have Axial SpA but further tests are necessary – assessment by a rheumatologist is recommended

www.actonaxialspa.com

Using IT to alert clinicians to suspected axial SpA NASS

- Prof. Raj Sengupta & PRIMIS
 - <u>https://www.nottingham.ac.uk/primis/projects/ax</u>
 <u>spa.aspx</u>
 - 'Pop up' alert and retrospective audit tool with ASAS criteria and SPADE embedded for assessment
 - Works on TPP SystemOne with EMIS web in development
 - Pilot sites trialling

PRIMIS

Pop up tool for identication of axial Spondyloarthritis patients in primary care Dr Raj Sengupta Consultant Rheumatologist Royal National Hospital for Rheumatic Diseases, Bath

- Dr Toby Wallace & Ardens
 - -<u>Ardens FCP MSK template</u>
 - MSK triage templates for both GP and FCP, updated with ASAS, NICE, SPADE, GIRFT criteria
 - Works on TPP SystemOne and EMIS
 - Updated templates being released shortly, 'pop up' option being explored



Back pain? Don't wait until it's too late.

Check the symptoms. It could be Axial SpA. See your GP.

Get axial SpA diagnosed.

Find out more at actonaxialspa.com









Symptoms starting slowly Pain in the lower back Improves with movement Night time waking Early onset (under 40)

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Royal United Hospitals Bat Bit Fondston In NITS Norfolk and Norwich University Hospitals and Foundates Part

Can I get involved? A call for action



Join the NASS social movement for change to end diagnostic delay by simply:

- Joi the NASS time to diagnosis audit and encourage more patients in your area to complete the NASS time to diagnosis audit, help get a clear picture of the region. <u>https://forms.office.com/r/TPgpCQEfXP</u>
- Referring patients with suspected inflammatory back pain to your local rheumatology service
- Visiting the NASS toolkit at <u>https://www.actonaxialspa.com/hcp-toolkit/</u> and use the resources for clinicians to help diagnosis of axial SpA
- Join the NASS peer to peer network to collaborate with other HCPs, share and learn lessons by <u>clicking here</u>